



## New French DGPS maritime service powered by EDAS

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# Outline

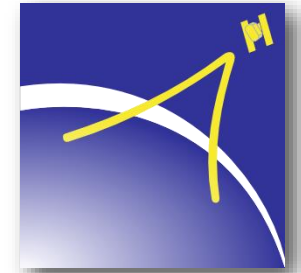


- Alberding GmbH and CEREMA
- Background
- Modernised French DGPS service
- Initial performance results
- Conclusions and service operator feedback

# Alberding GmbH



- German GNSS software and hardware development company
- Founded in 1994
- Based in Wildau (near Berlin)
- 14 employees (12 engineers)
- Independent from GNSS receiver manufacturers



# Alberding range of services (portfolio)



Adaptable **software**, **sensors**, **systems** and **services** for automated applications of precise (mm-cm) satellite-based positioning, monitoring and data transmission



Agriculture/Forestry



Construction/Mining



Geo-monitoring



GIS/Surveying



Traffic/Transportation



Maritime/IWW Navigation

# Beacon.net + Beacon Site Control



## Alberding Beacon.net

- Central data processing
- Scalable, modular DGNSS software
- GNSS data input, VRS and EGNOS-VRS processing, integrity monitoring (PBM, FFM), data transmission (RTCM, AIS #17, VDES, Ntrip)
- Combination of DGNSS/RTK and waterway information
- R-Mode support

beacon.net

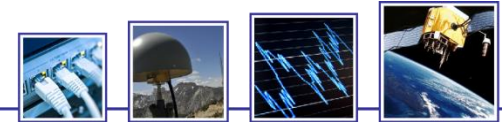


## Alberding Beacon Site Control

- Decentralised processing – local backup
- EGNOS-VRS correction generation
- Pre-Broadcast Integrity Monitoring
- Correction selection for transmission



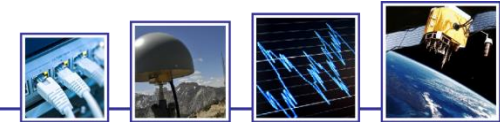
# DGPS service in France - stakeholders



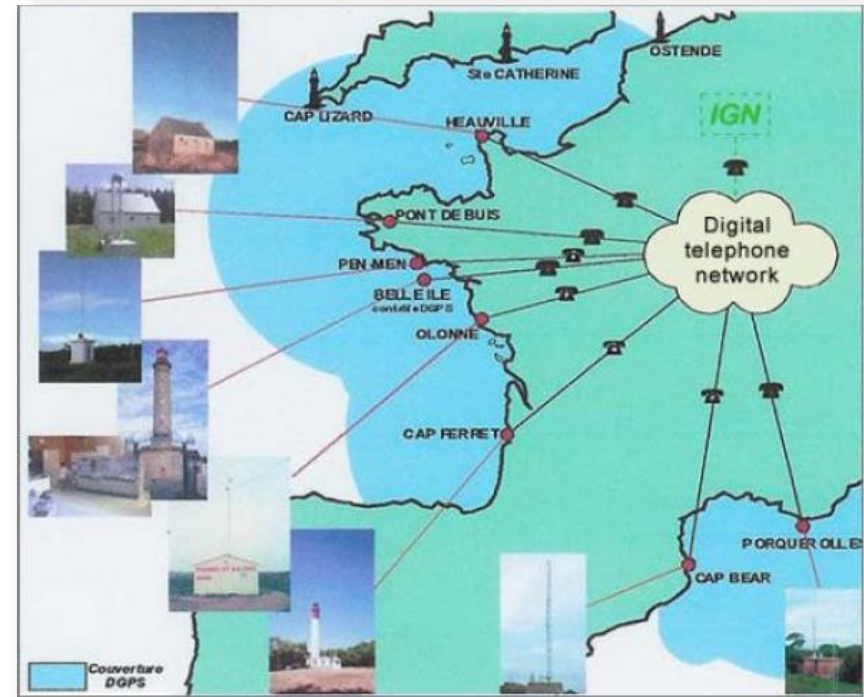
- **Central administration**  
French Maritime Authorities (DAM) manage policy and budget at the national level  
The AtoN office of the DAM maritime safety department is responsible for the DGPS stations
- **8 decentralised administrations**  
(DIRM & DM) manage the operation and maintenance of the AtoNs
- **CEREMA** (public administrative institution)  
navigation and positioning systems division  
supports DAM by providing scientific and technical expertise



# Legacy French DGPS network



- 7 beacon DGPS stations
- No redundancy at the stations
- No Pre-Broadcast Monitoring
- Central control station at Belle-île (Far Field Monitoring)
- Old low rate WAN
- No changes since the 90's
- Obsolete equipment
- Availability decreasing



# Role of CEREMA in the project



- CEREMA was requested by DAM to
  - Analyse the legacy DGPS system
  - Propose a cost effective solution to modernise the service
  - Conduct a Proof of Concept on that solution including a prototype, tests and result analysis at laboratory scale & field scale
  - Specify requirements for the modernisation of the service
  - Support AtoN operators to deploy the modernised service
- Test campaigns and preliminary studies
  - Successful test campaigns in 2016-2018
  - Cost-Benefit Analyses conducted by CEREMA and GSA



**Centralised EGNOS-based architecture selected**

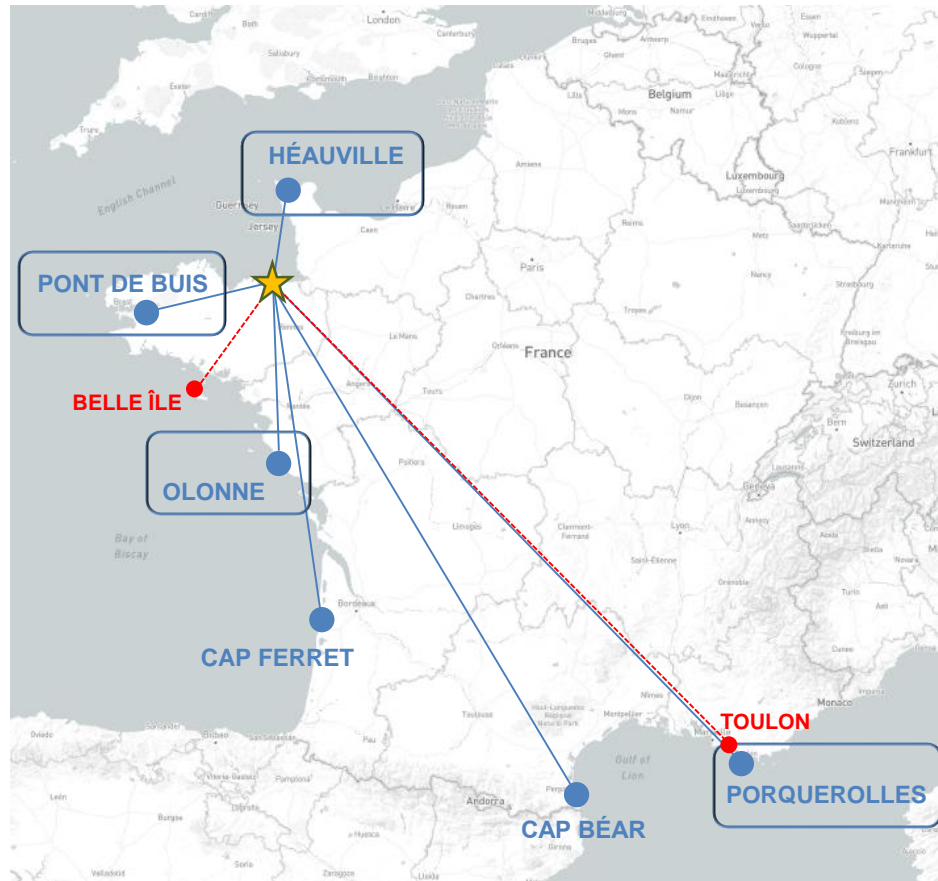
# EGNOS benefits



- Free of charge service
- Redundancy of signal sources (SiS and EDAS)
- EGNOS-based VRS:  
corrections generated remotely for locations  
with no physical reference stations  
(centralised architecture)
- Reduction of onsite infrastructure
- Quality of corrections not affected by local issues  
that could impact the beacon site (e.g. multipath,  
interference)
- Transparent for end users and compatible with  
deployed user equipment



# Modernised French DGPS network

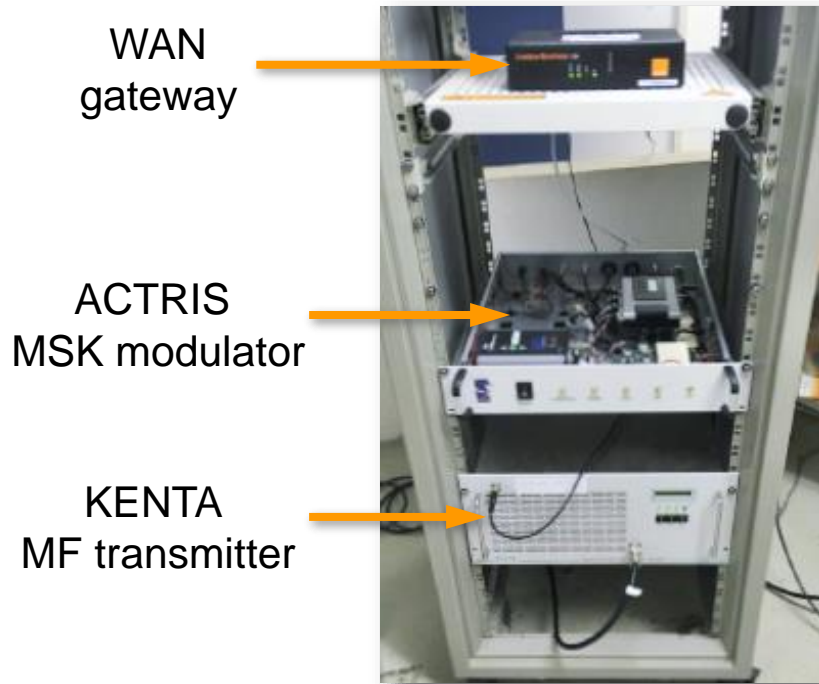


- IALA Beacon
- Far Field Monitor
- ★ Central Server
- WAN – new governmental communication lines

- Official commissioning of the first French IALA beacon station transmitting EGNOS-based VRS corrections: 1 March 2019 (Olonne)
- 3 more stations equipped in 2019
- All 6 stations will be commissioned by the end of 2020

| EGNOS-VRS                 | PBM Station (Monitoring) |          | FFM Station (Rover)     |          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------|----------|
|                           | Location                 | Baseline | Location                | Baseline |
| IALA HEAU<br>Héauville    | PBM HEAU                 | 0 km     | FFM BELL 1<br>Belle Île | 274 km   |
| IALA PNDB<br>Pont de Buis | PBM PNDB                 | 0 km     | FFM BELL 2<br>Belle Île | 127 km   |
| IALA SABL<br>Olonne       | PBM SABL                 | 0 km     | FFM BELL 3<br>Belle Île | 139 km   |
| IALA PORQ<br>Porquerolles | PBM PORQ                 | 0 km     | FFM TOUL<br>Toulon      | 27 km    |

## Modernised facilities

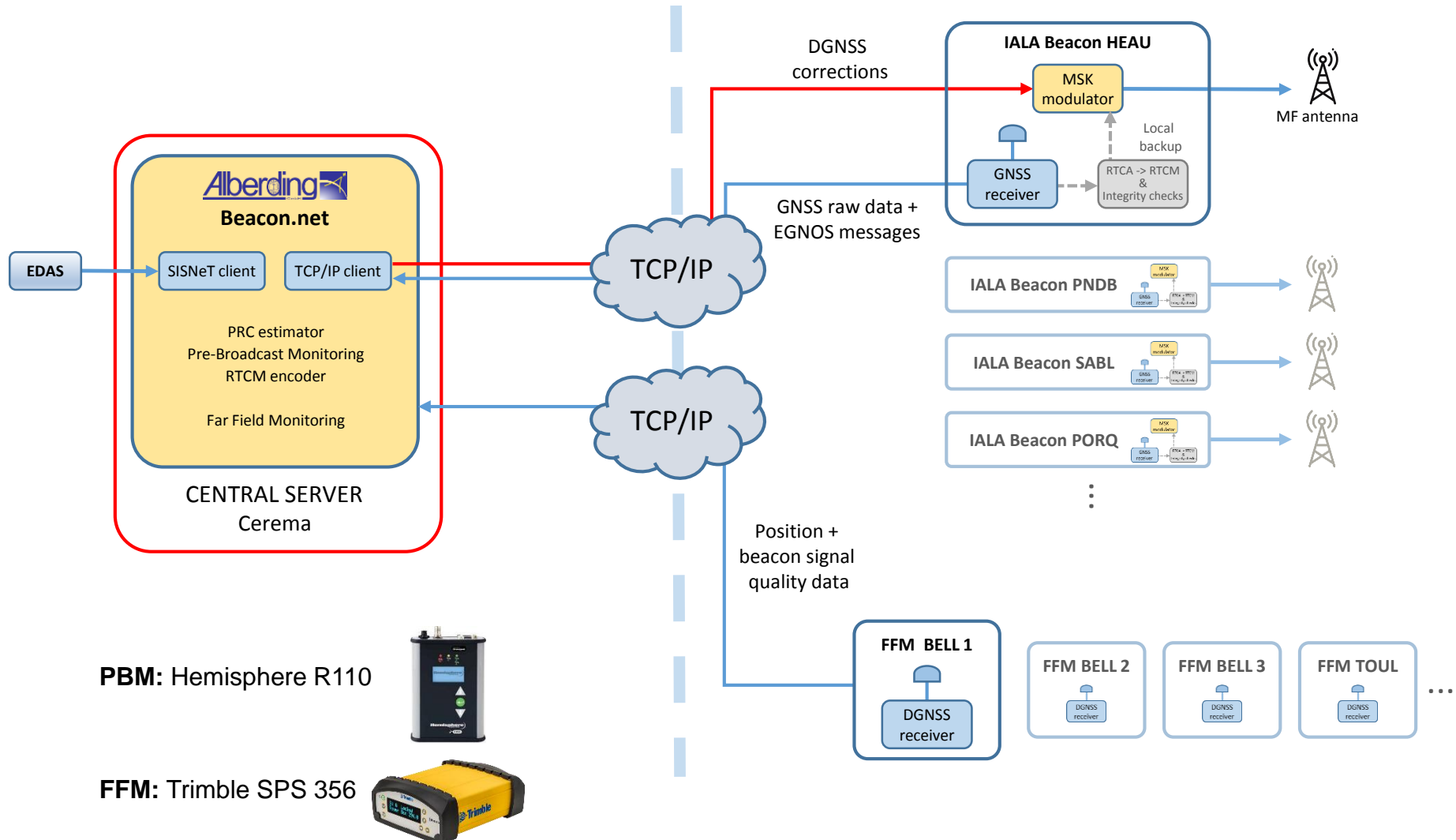


**Modernised DGPS rack  
at transmission site**

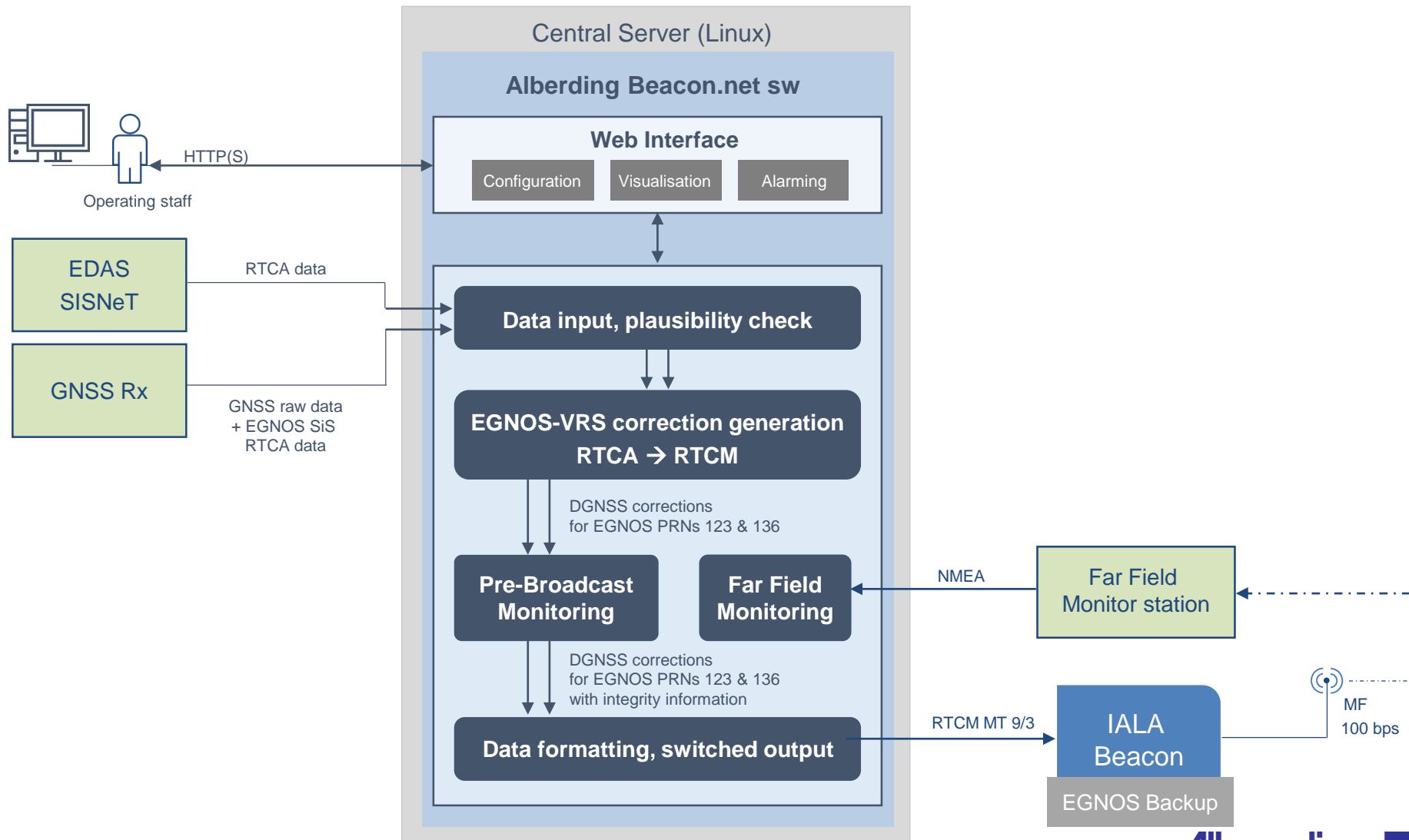


**Modernised transmitting antenna  
IALA Beacon BEAR**

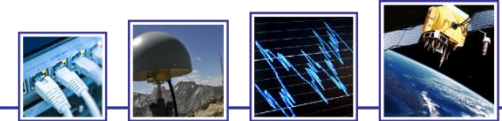
# New system architecture



# Central data processing

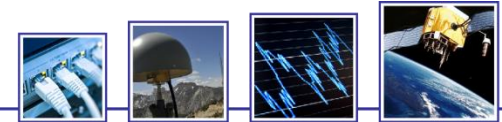


# Redundant setup



- **RTCA source: EDAS SISNeT with EGNOS SiS backup**  
software takes any available RTCA input
- **EGNOS-VRS corrections generated for PRNs 123 & 136**  
software automatically selects one of them for output based on availability, health status and user-defined priority
- **Pre-broadcast integrity monitoring with 2 monitoring stations**  
software automatically selects monitoring station based on availability (not used in the current French setup)
- **EGNOS SiS based local backup at the IALA beacon**  
EGNOS-VRS corrections generated and checked locally if no connection to data centre (not used in the current French setup)

# Maritime performance requirements



|  | Accuracy<br>(95%)   | Time to<br>Alarm | Continuity<br>(15 min) | Availability | Update<br>Interval |
|--|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Harbour<br>entrances,<br>harbour<br>approaches and<br>coastal waters | $\leq 10 \text{ m}$ | $< 10 \text{ s}$ | $\geq 99.97\%$         | $> 99.8\%$   | $\leq 2 \text{ s}$ |

IMO Resolution A.1046 (27)

# Initial performance results



Time frame: 2 Jun 2019 – 25 Aug 2019

|   | HEAU          | PNDB          | SABL          | PORQ          | Requirement<br>IMO Res. A. 1046 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Availability<br>before integrity check        | 99.97%        | 99.97%        | 99.97%        | 99.97%        |                                 |
| <b>Availability</b><br>of healthy corrections | <b>98.56%</b> | 99.89%        | 99.92%        | 99.93%        | > 99.8%                         |
| Accuracy<br>(mean)                            | 0.85 m        | 0.88 m        | 0.45 m        | 0.57 m        |                                 |
| <b>Accuracy</b><br>(95%)                      | 1.51 m        | 1.40 m        | 0.98 m        | 1.08 m        | ≤ 10 m                          |
| Continuity<br>before integrity check          | 98.37%        | 98.37%        | 98.38%        | 98.39%        |                                 |
| <b>Continuity</b><br>of healthy corrections   | <b>97.57%</b> | <b>97.19%</b> | <b>98.08%</b> | <b>98.06%</b> | ≥ 99.97%                        |

Availability and continuity: service level, measured at the central server  
with 1 s temporal resolution

Accuracy: system level, measured at the FFM station

# Remarks to performance results

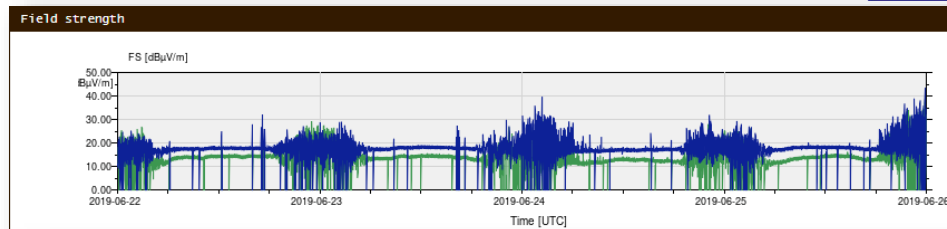


- **HEAU-VRS availability affected by**
  - 28 h communications outage to IALA Beacon station HEAU on 1-2 July.
    - add local backup at the transmission sites
    - use redundant communication lines
    - use redundant PBM with 2 monitoring stations
- **Accuracy performance affected by**
  - Biased FFM station coordinates. New coordinates introduced on 18 July causing a position error reduction of ~ 0.5 m. → determine station coordinates with cm accuracy
- **Continuity performance affected by**
  - Monitoring station data gaps → use redundant PBM with 2 monitoring stations
  - Many short (< 1 min) data gaps in the correction output due to overloaded server computer → add more computing power to central server
  - Several ‘unhealthy’ integrity events → increase position error PBM threshold to 10 m  
→ use high quality GNSS equipment and ensure clear sky view at the monitoring stations
- **Integrity events in the pseudorange domain**
  - Very few events (0.06% of all epochs)
  - Individual low elev. satellites excluded due to high PRC residuals

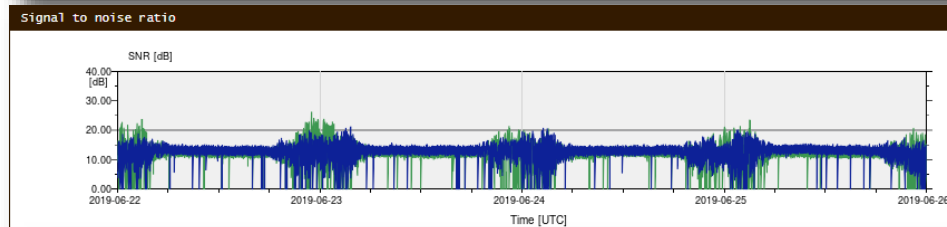
# Radiobeacon skywave interference



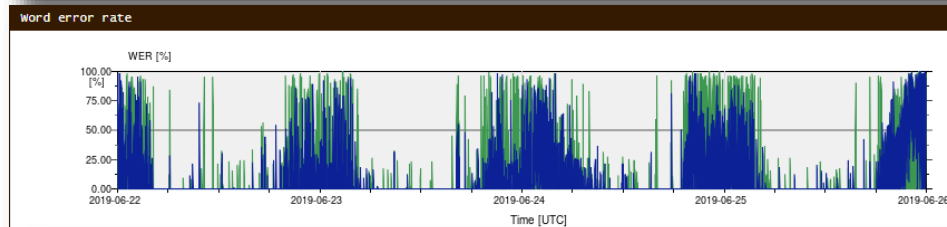
**Field Strength**



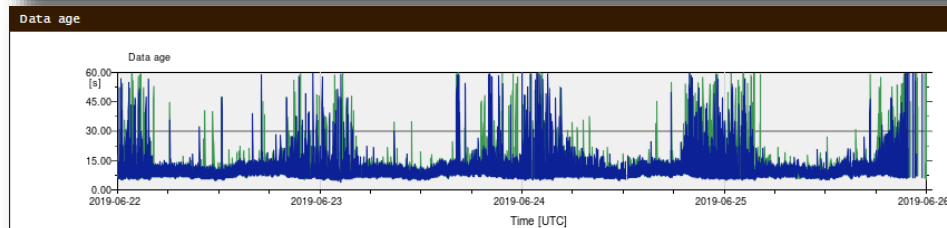
**Signal to Noise Ratio**



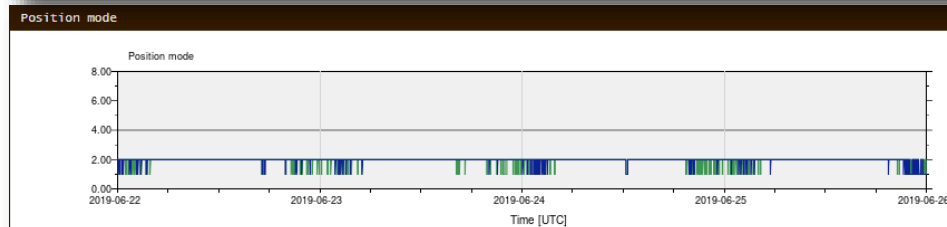
**Word Error Rate**



**Data Age**



**Position Quality**



FFM HEAU BELL (274 km)

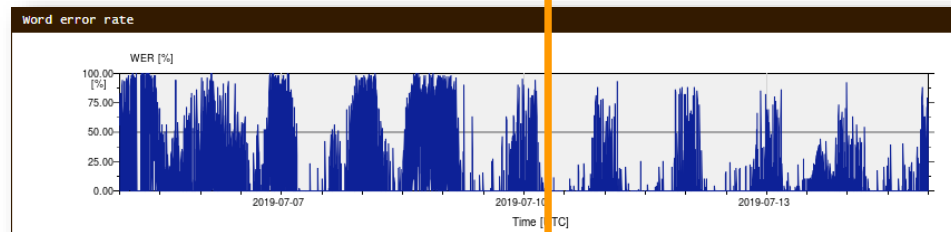
FFM PNDB BELL (127 km)

# RTCM Type 1 → Type 9/3

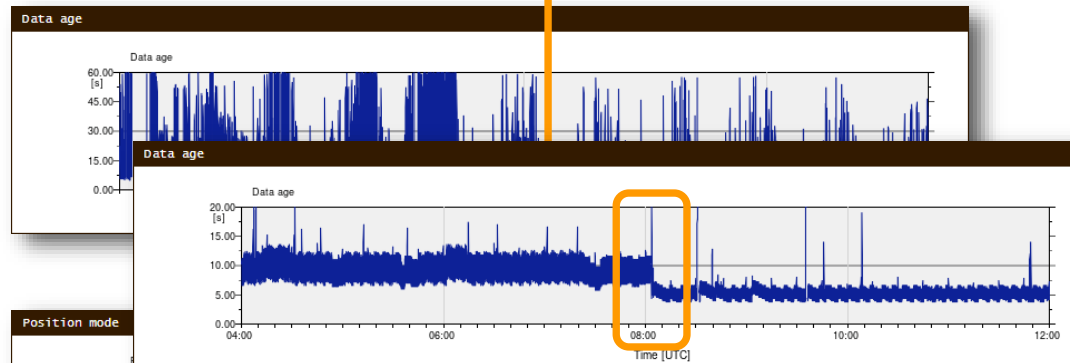


Type 9 messages are useful for slow data links that are susceptible to interference

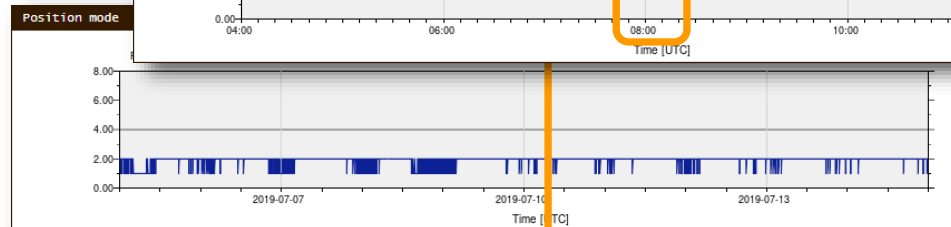
Word Error Rate



Data Age



Position Quality



# Conclusions and recommendations



- The legacy French DGPS system is currently being replaced by a new centralised EGNOS/EDAS-based DGPS service
- **Significant cost savings** of the EGNOS/EDAS-based solution with respect to a traditional DGPS setup (at least 50%)
- Very good initial operational performance results indicate
  - Significantly increased service availability compared to the old system.  
**Availability performance meets the IMO requirements.**
  - **Accuracy performance** fulfils expectations and clearly **meets the IMO requirements.**
  - Continuity performance is affected by overloaded server computer, monitoring station outages and not optimal integrity settings.  
**→ made recommendations to improve continuity performance**
  - Integrity performance proved the high quality of EGNOS-based VRS corrections

# CEREMA R&D and operating feedback



- EGNOS correction transmission via IALA beacons is still a rather new concept and not too many off the shelf products exist.
- Requirements need to be carefully specified in that case.
- Cost savings can be made if working with smaller companies instead of the big equipment manufacturers. Consequently, we need to work with hardware companies that are sometimes not DGNSS specialists.
- During the testing and early operations phase we experienced some interruptions in our service both due to software and hardware failures that had to be improved with the providers.
- A local backup at the transmission sites would be very interesting to complement the EGNOS-based centralised approach. It is not clear yet if this backup should also be EGNOS-based or traditional DGPS.
- Remote control & monitoring of all on site equipment is very important.



# Thank you for your attention!



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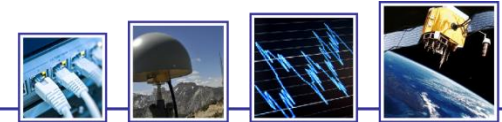
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# Reserve slides

# French PBM integrity settings



| Integrity parameter             | PBM threshold |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Max PRC                         | 60 m          |
| Max RRC                         | 0.6 m/s       |
| Max PRC Residual                | 10 m          |
| Max RRC Residual                | 0.5 m/s       |
| Max (Horizontal) Position Error | 5 m           |
| Max PRC Residual Delay          | 5 s           |
| Max RRC Residual Delay          | 5 s           |
| Max Position Error Delay        | 5 s           |